Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspection Date: 12/26/23						
Owner Information						
Owner Name: Cascades of Lauderh		Contact Person:				
Address: 7860 N.W. 50 Street		Home Phone:				
City: Lauderhill	Zip:		Work Phone:			
County: Broward			Cell Phone:			
Insurance Company:			Policy #:			
Year of Home: 1983	# of Stories: 3		Email:			
NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.						
<ol> <li>Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)?         <ul> <li>A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)//</li></ul></li></ol>						
OR Year of Original Installation/Replace covering identified.						
Permit	Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	ear of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance		
✓ 1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	01/22	Permit #	22090005			
2. Concrete/Clay Tile	/					
3. Metal						
	/ 01/22	Permit #	22090005			
A. All roof coverings listed above n installation OR have a roofing perm						
□ B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later.						
☐ C. One or more roof coverings do n	☐ C. One or more roof coverings do not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".					
☐ D. No roof coverings meet the requi	irements of Answer "A	A" or "B".				
3. <b>Roof Deck Attachment</b> : What is the wo	Roof Deck Attachment: What is the weakest form of roof deck attachment?					
A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.  B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.  C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6" inches in the fieldOR- Dimensional lumber/Tongue & Groove decking with a minimum of 2 nails per board (or 1 nail per board if each board is equal to or less than 6 inches in width)OR-Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent						
Inspectors Initials FP Property Address 7860 N.W. 50 Street, Lauderhill						

\*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure. OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155 Page 1 of 4

		or greater resistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of a 182 psf.	t least					
	<b>~</b>	D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.						
		E. Other:						
		F. Unknown or unidentified.						
		G. No attic access.						
4.		of to Wall Attachment: What is the <u>WEAKEST</u> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks beet of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)  A. Toe Nails	vithin					
		<ul> <li>□ Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached the top plate of the wall, or</li> <li>□ Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B. C. or D</li> </ul>	to					
	Mi	nimal conditions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:						
		<ul> <li>□ Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and</li> <li>□ Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.</li> </ul>	from					
		B. Clips						
	_	☐ Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, <b>or</b> ☐ Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.	e nail					
	Ш	C. Single Wraps  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.	with a					
		D. Double Wraps  Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bord beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or	with					
		<ul> <li>Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wa both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.</li> <li>E. Structural Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.</li> </ul>	l on					
		F. Other: G. Unknown or unidentified						
		H. No attic access						
5.		of Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or whost structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).	all of					
		A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.  Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet						
		B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft  C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.						
		C. Onici Rooi — Any 1001 mai does not quanty as citie (A) of (B) above.						
6.	Sec	A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the	to the					
		dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.  B. No SWR.						
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7. Opening Protection: What is the weakest form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart  Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure		Х	Х	Χ		Х
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N.	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
N	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection	Х				Х	

- A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above).
  - Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203
  - Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203
  - American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
  - Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12
  - For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996
  - For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115

A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N or X in the table above
A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
• ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)
B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with wood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).
C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X

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C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

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in the table above

with protective coverings not meeting	g the requirements of Answer "A", "B", or C	nentation) All Glazed openings are protected or systems that appear to meet Answer "A"			
or "B" with no documentation of com	,				
	fied as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no	* *			
N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openin table above	ngs classified as Level D in the table above, and no	o Non-Glazed openings classified as Level X in the			
■ N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openin	ngs is classified as Level X in the table above				
<b>✓</b> X. None or Some Glazed Openings	One or more Glazed openings classified and	Level X in the table above.			
	CCTIONS MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUAR ida Statutes, provides a listing of individuals				
Qualified Inspector Name: Frank Pagliughi	License Type: Structural, Home	License or Certificate #: BN-2343, HI-611			
Inspection Company: American Inspection Services		Phone: 888-494-4339			
<ul> <li>Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a: (check one)</li> <li>✓ Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statutes who has completed the statutory number of hours of hurricane mitigation training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board and completion of a proficiency exam.</li> <li>✓ Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida Statutes.</li> <li>✓ General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes.</li> <li>✓ Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes.</li> <li>✓ Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida Statutes.</li> <li>✓ Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes.</li> </ul>					
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes, or professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect the structures personally and not through employees or other persons.  Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct employee who possesses the requisite skill, knowledge, and experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.  I, Frank Pagliughi					
An individual or entity who knowingly pro obtain or receive a discount on an insurand of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Flor	ce premium to which the individual or enti				
The definitions on this form are for inspect as offering protection from hurricanes.	tion purposes only and cannot be used to c	certify any product or construction feature			
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